

Build It and They Will Come:

Custom Solutions for SharePoint 2013



Sean P. McDonough Lead Bitsmith & Owner Bitstream Foundry

Started building SharePoint solutio

COSCOTION STATE ST



Sean P. McDonough Lead Bitsmith & Owner Bitstream Foundry





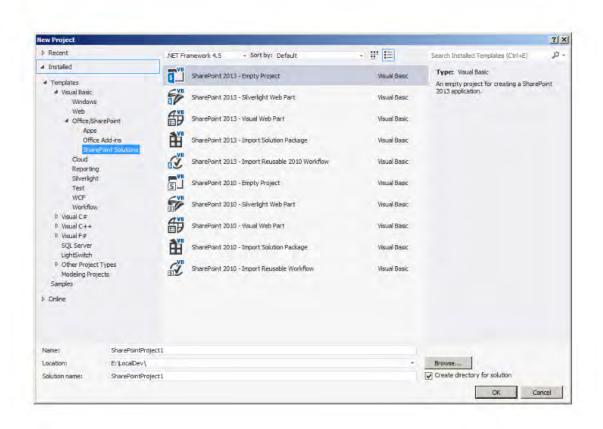
- Started building SharePoint solutions on Portal Server 2003
- Spent a chunk of time with SharePoint 2007 in Internet site development and administration for a Fortune 25 company
- Managed a product and "evangelized" for an ISV recently
- Nowadays I'm back to hands-on dev and admin
- · On Twitter? Heckle me! @Spmcdonough

The Agenda

- What Stays the Same
- New 2013 Approaches
- The Implications
- Q&A Throughout!



what stays the same?



pretty much everything

well ... mostly



- ✓ Content Editor and Content Query Web Parts
- Custom lists and views

Browser-based customization and design options are doing fine



design options are doing fine









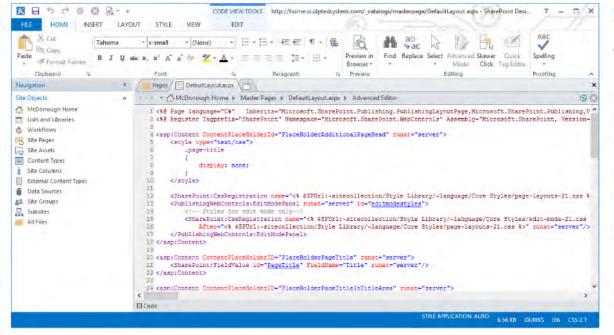
Full-trust solutions are alive and well



Sandboxed solutions are still around, too.

... but they have been deprecated*





SharePoint Designer became "SharePointer"



SharePoint Designer became "SharePointer"





Customizations from previous versions may need to be "reworked" a bit





... but all in all, most of the dev options you've grown to love are still around





Now it's all about The Cloud



- Multitonancy is a koy comp

Now it's all about The Cloud

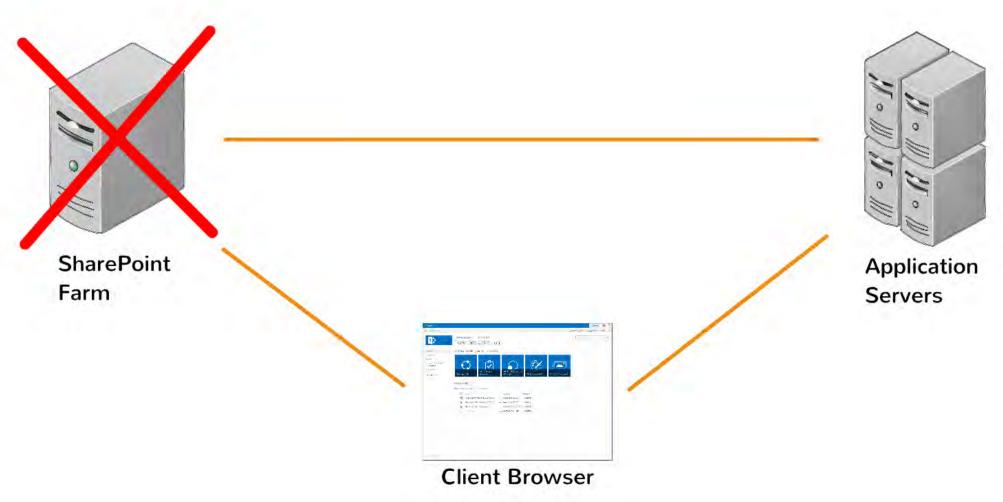


Even if you're going to keep your feet firmly planted in your own data center, The Cloud is impacting you

- Multitenancy is a key component in the SharePoint strategy
- · SharePoint is transforming from "platform" to "glue"
- Development is being pushed from server to client-side



Development is being pushed from server to client-side



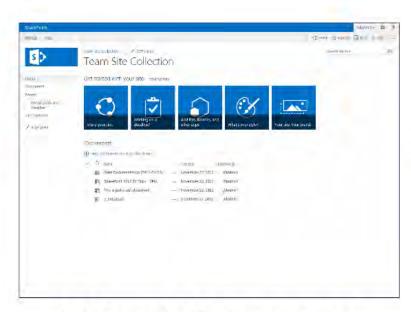
- · With SharePoint 2013, the focus is here!
- Browser-based focus carries with it a strong push for standards-based implementation

The "Old" Approach to Development

- Code was written against the server object model
- Code was packaged through Features and WSPs (solution packages)
- Administrators were needed for deployment, maintenance, etc.

This doesn't work in a Cloud or multitenant environment!





Client Browser

- · With SharePoint 2013, the focus is here!
- Browser-based focus carries with it a strong push for standards-based implementation

client-side can leverage app servers



Application Servers

- Even though custom code isn't running on SharePoint farm members, it can be running somewhere else!
- Clients can call app servers directly

 App servers can call SharePoint (via web services) directly and vice-versa



Some new techniques for customization and development

- Design Manager
- Content Search Web Part (CSWP)
- The New App Model

relopment

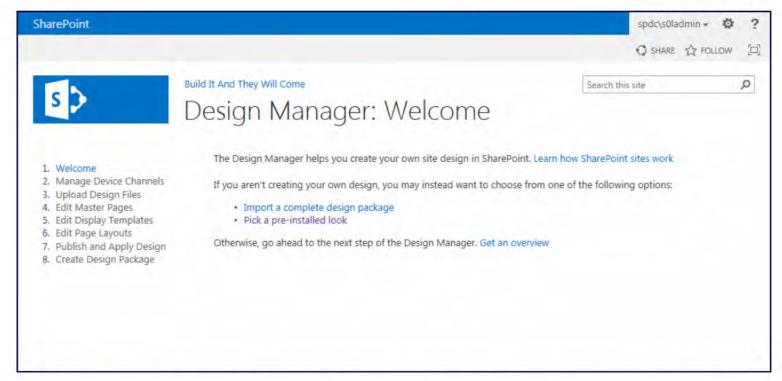
Design Manager

Content Search Web Part (CSWP)

The New App Model



What is the Design Manager?



It's probably easier to start by explaining the problem the Design Manager tries to solve.

These people don't create in the same way

problem the Design Manager tries to solve.

These people don't create in the same way





nplex

It's probably easier to start by explaining the problem the Design Manager tries to solve.

These people don't create in the same way





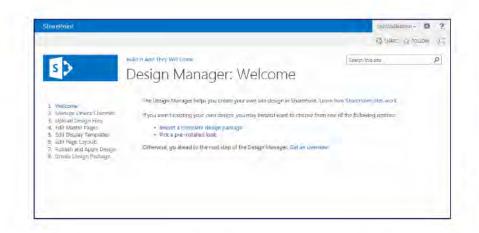








The Design Manager removes the need to work in code for many SharePoint-related design artifacts



The Design Manager makes a number of things easier

- Building and editing master pages
- Constructing publish page layouts
- Creating and manipulating display templates
- Packaging and applying designs
- Managing device channels

Demo

Wait ... why the Design Manager Demo?

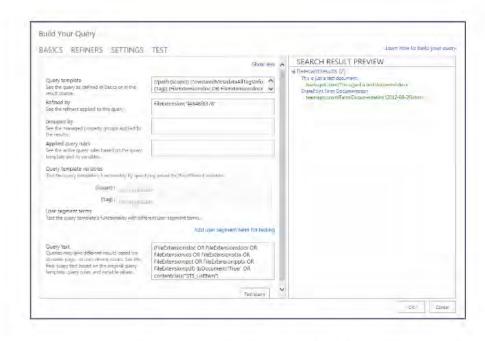




... to understand where we're going next

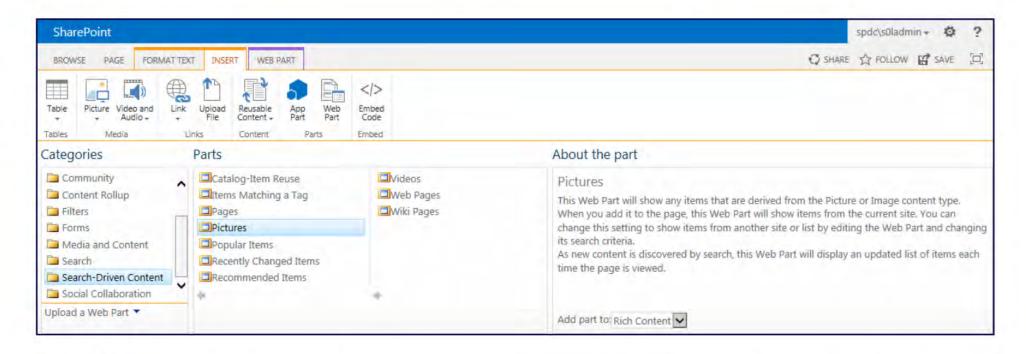
Content Search
Web Part (CSWP)

Content Search Web Part (CSWP)



- Uses Search results to dynamically generate contents at run-time
- Includes a powerful query builder to easily construct queries with parameters, refiners, scope restrictions, sort rules, and much more
- Results shown are highly customizable using display templates

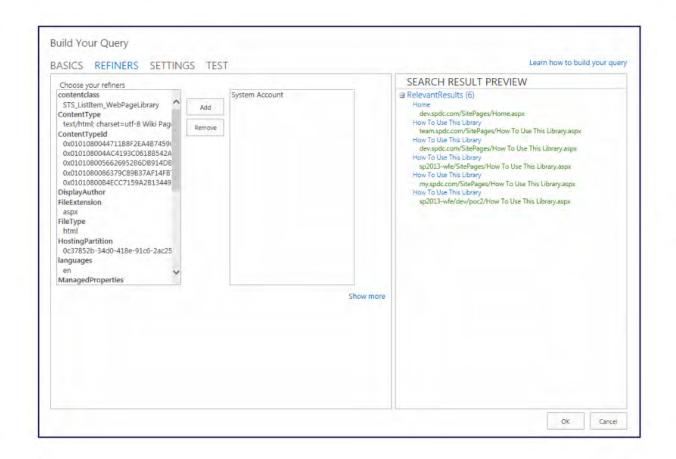
Start simple with pre-configured options





Search-Driven Content Web Parts

Step-up to the full power when needed





Demo

```
E<html xmlns:mso="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:office:office" xmlns:msdt="uuid:C2F41010-65B3-11d1-A29F-00AA00C14882">
F <head>
 <title>BIATWC: Item Entry Template</title>
□<!--[if gte mso 9]><xml>
 <mso:CustomDocumentProperties>
 <mso:TemplateHidden msdt:dt="string">0</mso:TemplateHidden>
 <mso:ManagedPropertyMapping msdt:dt="string">
     'Link URL'{Link URL}: 'Path',
     'Display Text'{Display Text}: 'Title',
     'FileExtension',
     'SecondaryFileExtension'
 </mso:ManagedPropertyMapping>
 <mso:MasterPageDescription msdt:dt="string">This display template controls an individual item in the full page of
 <mso:ContentTypeId msdt:dt="string">0x0101002039C03B61C64EC4A04F5361F385106603/mso:ContentTypeId>
 <mso:TargetControlType msdt:dt="string">;#Content Web Parts;#</mso:TargetControlType>
 <mso:HtmlDesignAssociated msdt:dt="string">1</mso:HtmlDesignAssociated>
 </mso:CustomDocumentProperties>
 </xml><![endif]-->
 </head>
```

Make the right choice



Use the CSWP when

- When you need content from outside the site collection
- When content selection is parameterized
- When you have access to on-premises SP2013 Enterprise
- When you need complete control over display formatting
- When it's okay if content shown is a little "stale"

In other cases, the CQWP may be an alternative



Last stop on this ride ...

The SharePoint 2013 Cloud App Model

(or just "App Model")

Before going to far, we should probably ask the question:

Why do we even have a new App Model?

To understand the "why," we need to rewind a bit and look at ...



The Evolution of Custom Application Development





The Evolution of Custom Application Development



- Server-side only
- · No development support
- · No deployment support
- · SharePoint unaware of any changes being made

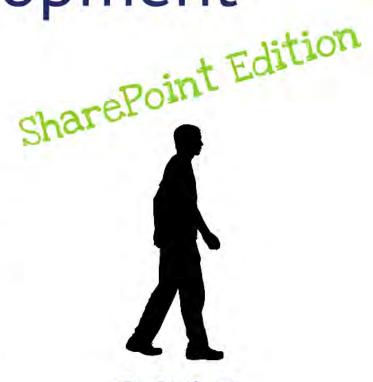


- Server-side mostly
- · Community dev support
- · Solution packages
- · SharePoint aware of WSP-deployed changes



2010

- · Server-side mostly with some client-side
- · VS-based dev support
- Client-Side Object Model (CSOM)
- Sandboxed solutions



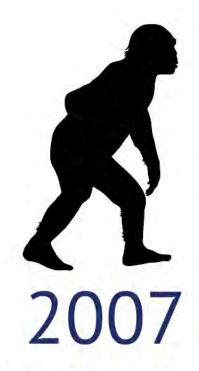
2013

- The App Model is brand-now w
- · Full Visual Studio development
- · Sidesteps limitations associate
- All-but-guarantees a better ope
- · Only model that will work in Of

Shar



- · Server-side only
- · No development support
- No deployment support
- SharePoint unaware of any changes being made



- Server-side mostly
- Community dev support
- Solution packages
- SharePoint aware of WSP-deployed changes



· Server-side mostly with some

· VS-based dev support

client-side

- Client-Side Object Model (CSOM)
- Sandboxed solutions

Upgrades, security, troubleshooting, performance ...

ePoint Edition The Cloud 2013

- · The App Model is brand-now with SharePoint 2013
- · Full Visual Studio development and deployment support
- Sidesteps limitations associated with sandboxed solutions
- All-but-guarantees a better operations scenario ("love your admin!")
- · Only model that will work in Office 365 and multi-tenant cloud environments

! CODE NO LONGER RUNS ON SHAREPOINT SERVERS!

Wait!

Did you just say that code doesn't run on SharePoint servers?



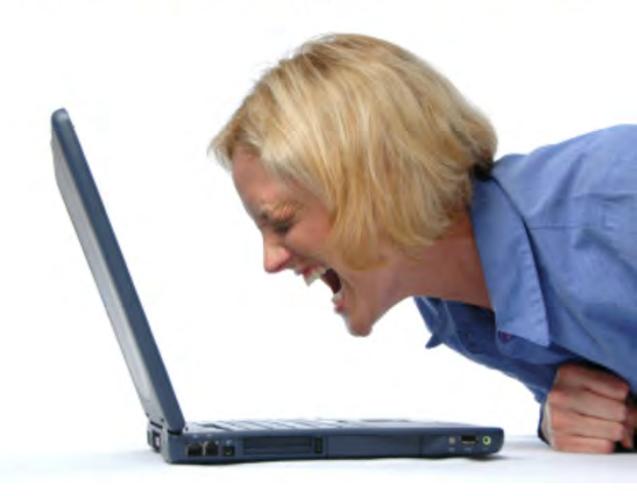


Yup. That's Right.

- Code runs on another (non-farm) server and/or in the user's browser - depends on App Model chosen
- All interactions with "proper"
 SharePoint data occur through
 CSOM and/or REST interfaces
- No more server-side object model access
- No more free passes on security

Feel the need to rage a bit?

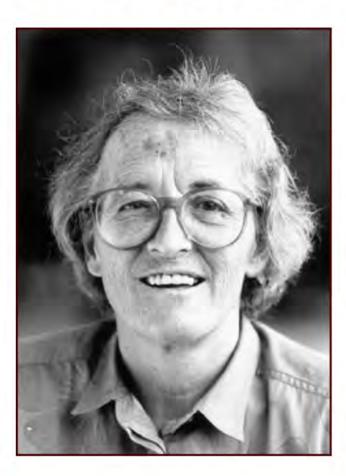
It's okay



I understand

I'm here to help

Dr. Elisabeth Kübler-Ross



The Five Stages of Grief

- 1. Denial
- 2. Anger
- 3. Bargaining
- 4. Depression
- 5. Acceptance



Why the App Model is here to stay



5. Acceptance



Why the App Model is here to stay

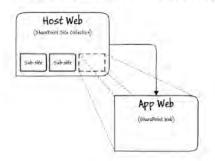


- Improves SharePoint performance
- Simplifies upgrades (to farm and custom code)
- Simplifies troubleshooting
- Is open to developers on other stacks (e.g., J2EE)
- Needed for The Cloud and Office 365

The App Model

"Cloud-Hosted Apps"

SharePoint-Hosted Apps

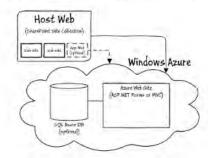


ros develop ecurity concerns deploy

Cons

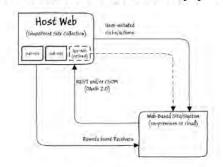
No compiled code No unattended execution Generally less capable

Autohosted Apps ("Azure-Hosted Apps")



Pros Much more capable

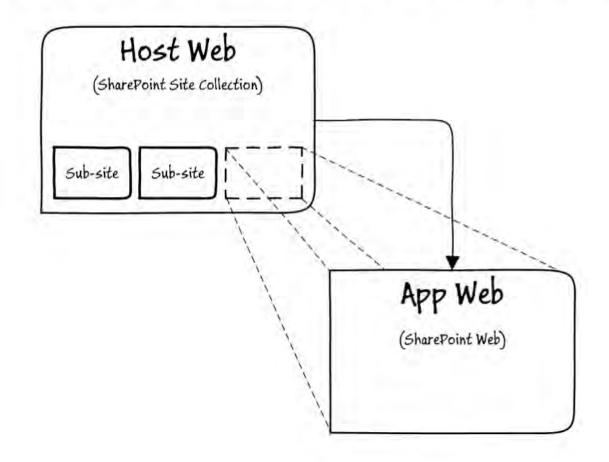
Provider-Hosted Apps



Cons

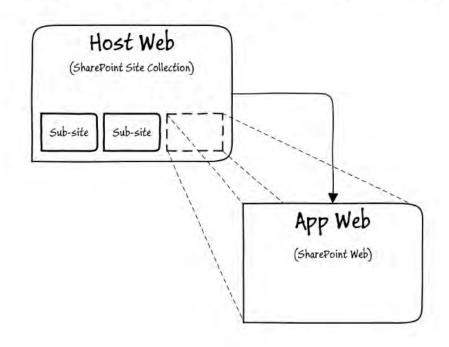
(Potentially) complex deployment

SharePoint-Hosted Apps





SharePoint-Hosted Apps



Pros

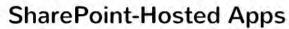
Easier to develop
Fewer security concerns
Easier to deploy
Less complex

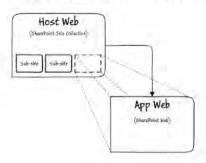
Cons

No compiled code
No unattended execution
Generally less capable
Scoped to just a sub-site

The App Model

"Cloud-Hosted Apps"





ros develop ecurity concerns deploy

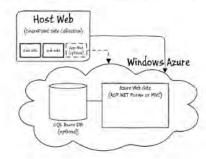
Cons

No compiled code

No unattended execution

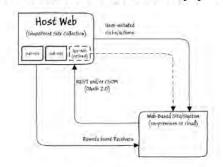
Generally less capable

Autohosted Apps ("Azure-Hosted Apps")



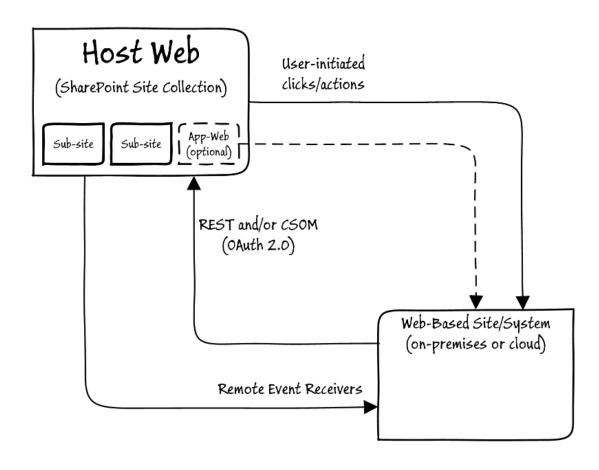
Pros Much more capable

Provider-Hosted Apps

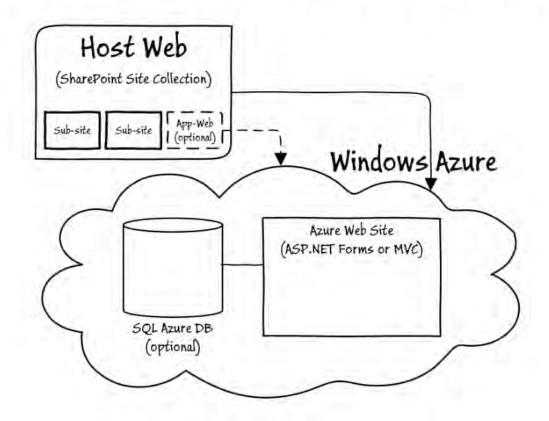


Cons
(Potentially) complex deployment

Provider-Hosted Apps

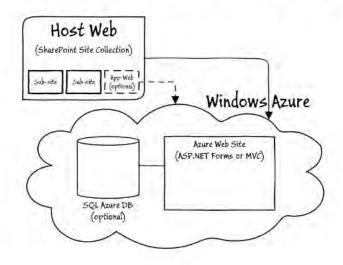


Autohosted Apps ("Azure-Hosted Apps")





Autohosted Apps ("Azure-Hosted Apps")

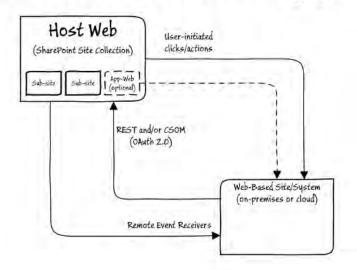


Pros

Much more capable
Apps can act on their own
Open to non-SharePoint devs
You control everything

More capable but more complex

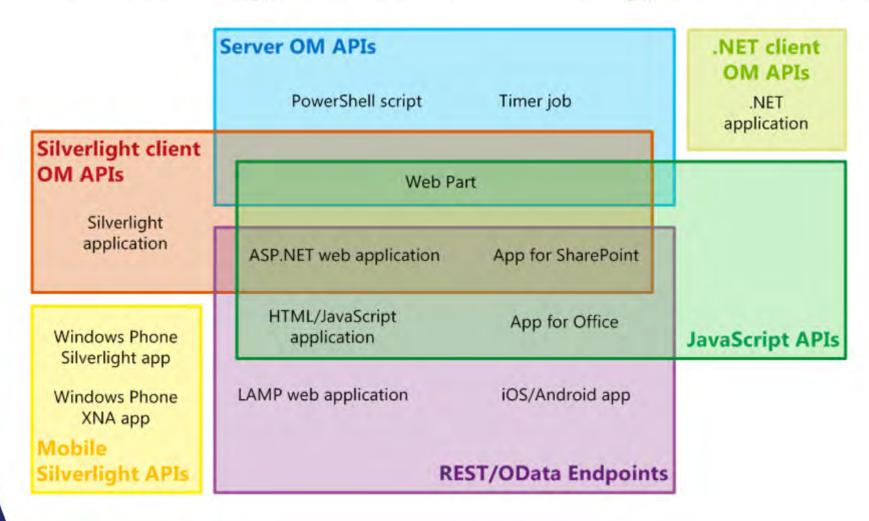
Provider-Hosted Apps



Cons

(Potentially) complex deployment Tougher security configuration Requires external hosting Still not a full-trust solution

Choose the right API and strategy for the task



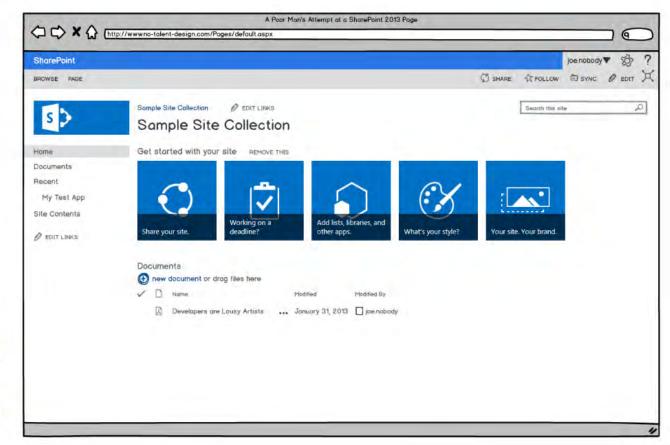
So you might be wondering ...

If Apps are isolated from SharePoint, how do they show up in a site?

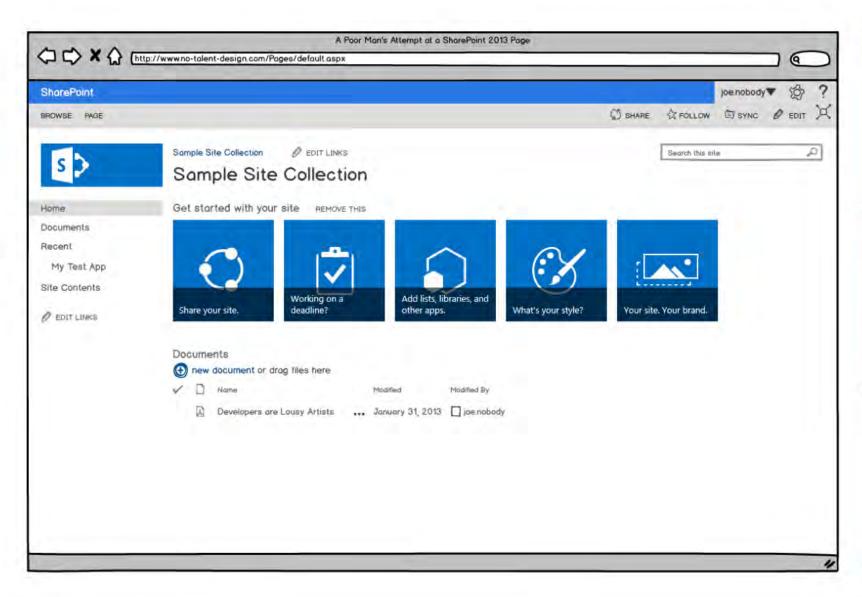
Apps can be surfaced in three ways



Team Site Mockup



surfaceu in three ways









- App gets complete control of a page
- Can look like it's part of a SharePoint site, but not a requirement

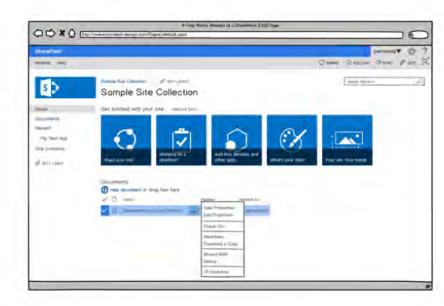






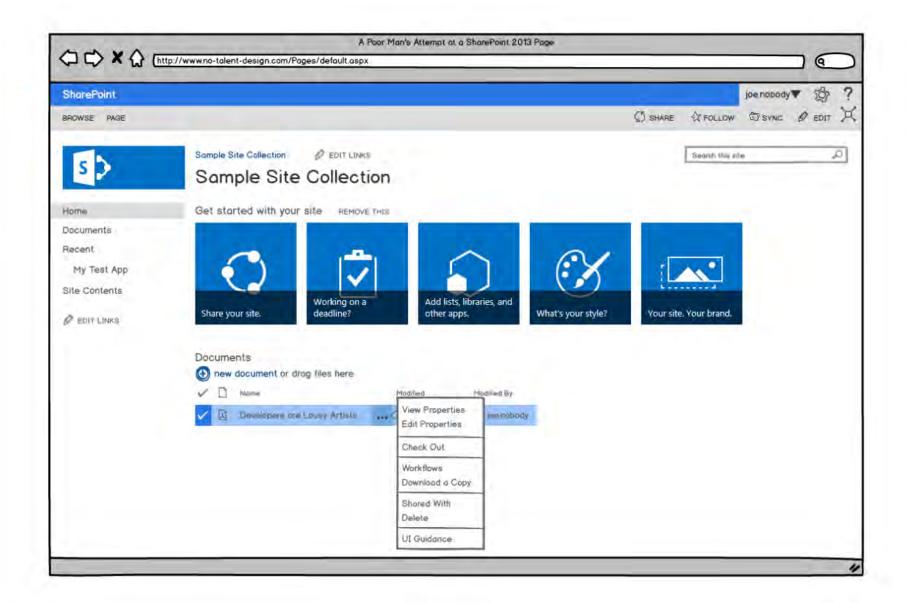


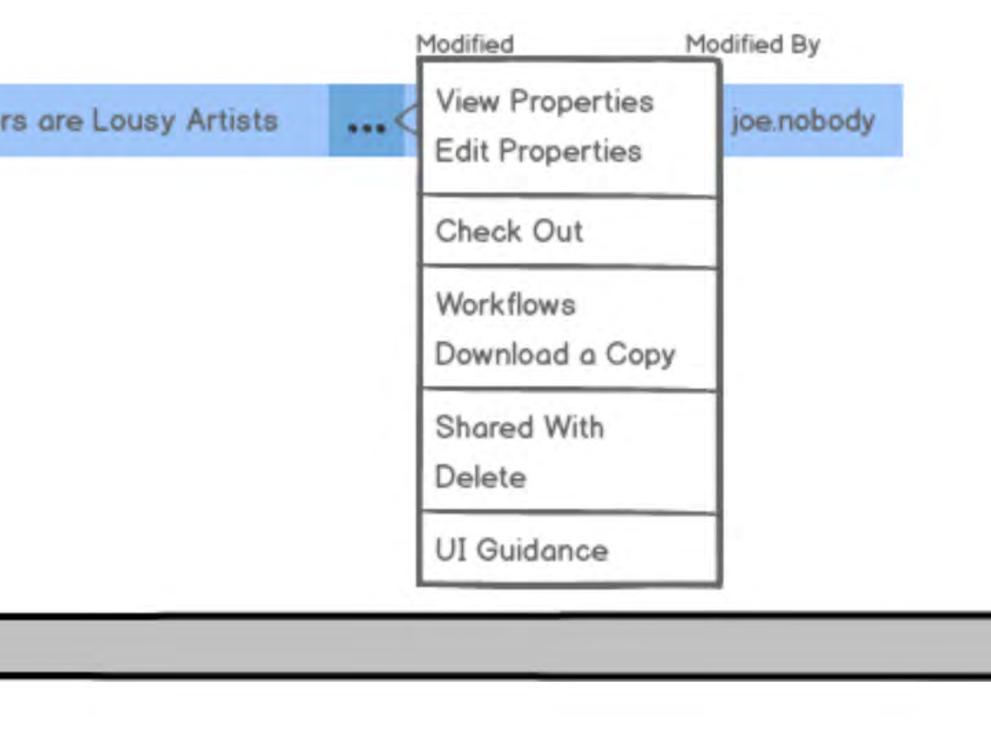
SnarePoint site, but not a requirement

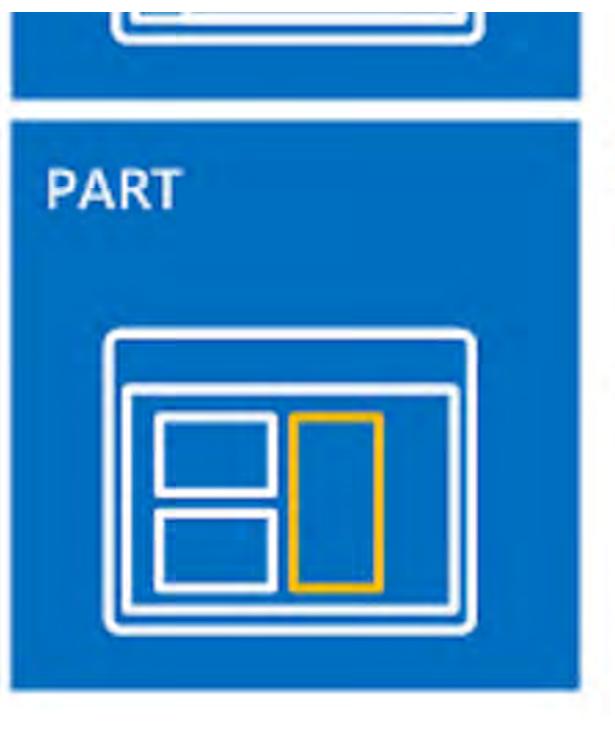


- Ribbon custom actions (buttons) are one possibility
- Edit Control Block (ECB) custom actions are the other option (as shown)









other option (as shown)



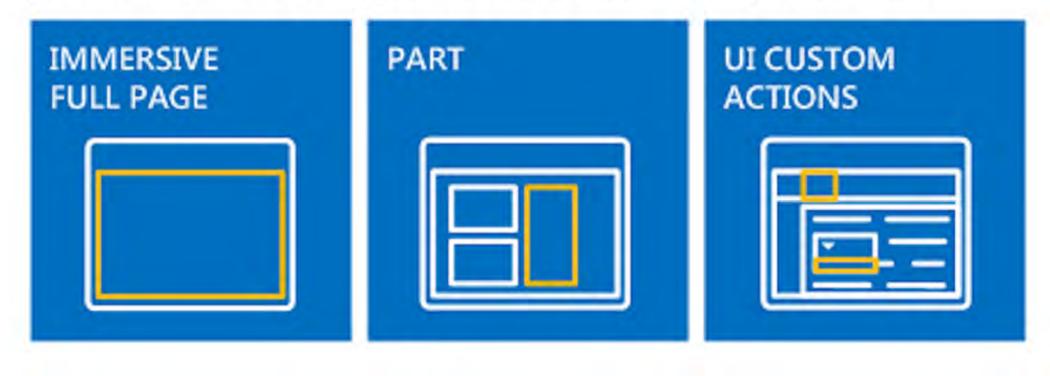
- App Parts look and feel like Web Parts - no Web Part connections, though
- App Parts are basically just IFRAMEs to an App custom page



Ann Parts look and feel like

A related thought ...

If you have another software product (SaaS), this integration and exposure pattern simplifies making your offering available through SharePoint.



Demo



The Implications

gets better!

For devs, it's



Admins



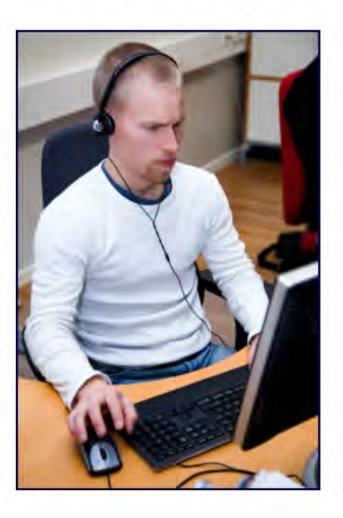


For admins, life generally gets better!

- Customization and development doesn't impact farm performance
- Troubleshooting boundaries get much clearer
- Less involvement in deployment and fewer related issues
- Patching and platform upgrades can proceed independent of code!



For devs, it's something of a mixed bag



 Grumpy old devs: time to learn some new skills



- Client-side focus means no more free passes on security, SharePoint context, and other "givens"
- Decoupling now makes it easier for continuous integration, TDD, and other previously difficult practices

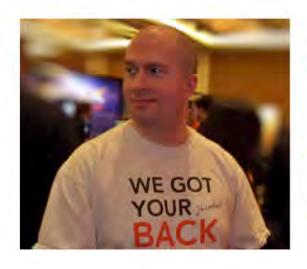
Build it and they'll come?



The jury's out, but SharePoint 2013 provides plenty of customization and development options to suit your needs



customization and development options to suit your needs



Sean P. McDonough

SharePoint Gearhead, Developer, and Evangelist

Twitter: @spmcdonough

Blog: http://SharePointInterface.com

About: http://about.me/spmcdonough