Code Solutions to Improve SharePoint Performance and Scalability via Caching



Sean McDonough (@spmcdonough) Chief SharePoint Evangelist Idera

Session Overview

Quick Introduction Component Caching Options

· ASP.NET Cache, Web Part Cache

Caching for Controls

· Fragment Caching, Post-Cache Substitution

Caching for Pages
· Nary By Custom Handler Implementation

Q&A Throughout

Why I care about caching



Formerly the architect for a Fortune 25 company's publicly facing SharePoint presence

First company of this size using MOSS 2007 for luternet presence



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Highly trafficked environment with about 75,000 page views per hour (peak) in 2009

Averaging (at peak) 1,000 requests/second into IIS

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ak) 1,000 requests/second into IIS



Supported initially with just 2 web front ends (WFEs). Eventually moved to 4 WFEs for growth.

... and finally

I'm sick and tired of hearing some people complain that "SharePoint doesn't scale"!!!



In my experience ...



SharePoint scaling and performance issues are more often than not due to poorly performing custom code

due to poorly performing custom code



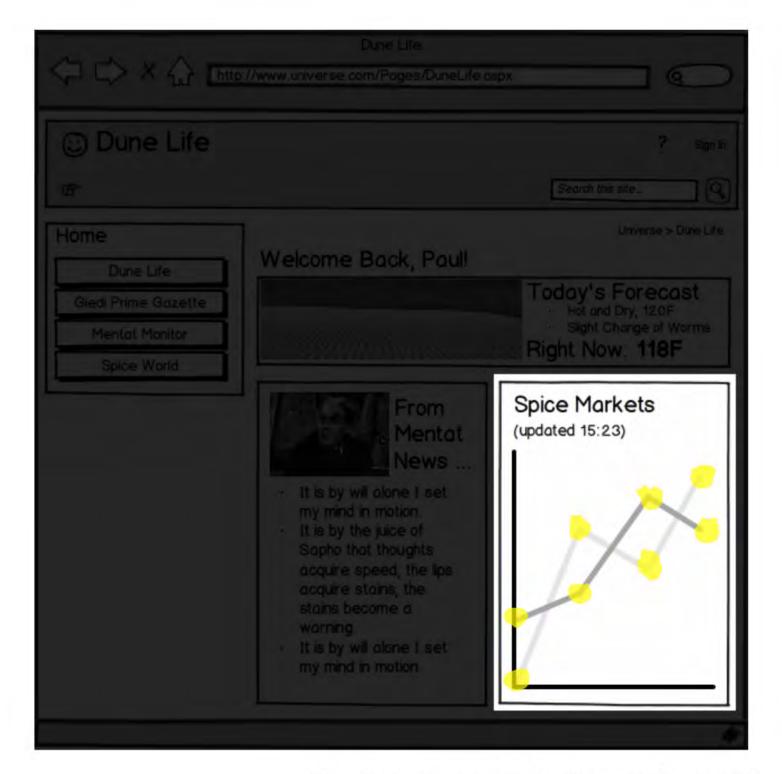
Let's get rolling

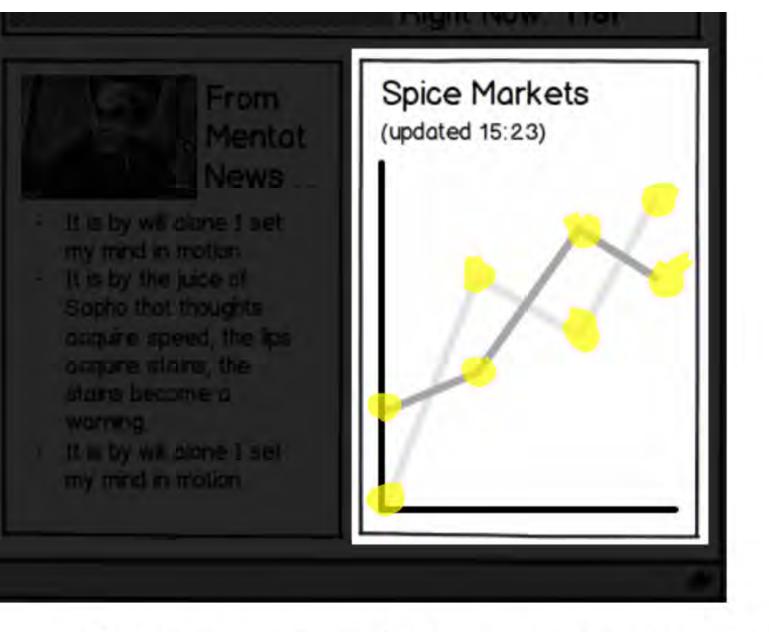


First up:

Component-Level Caching







- Control rendering isn't complicated, but ...
- Data used is "expensive" (computation/latency)
- Need way to store expensive results between calls

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Two possibilities

ASP.NET Cache

Web Part
Cache

public sealed class Cache
Member of System. Web. Caching

Summary:

Implements the cache for a Web application. This class cannot be inherited.

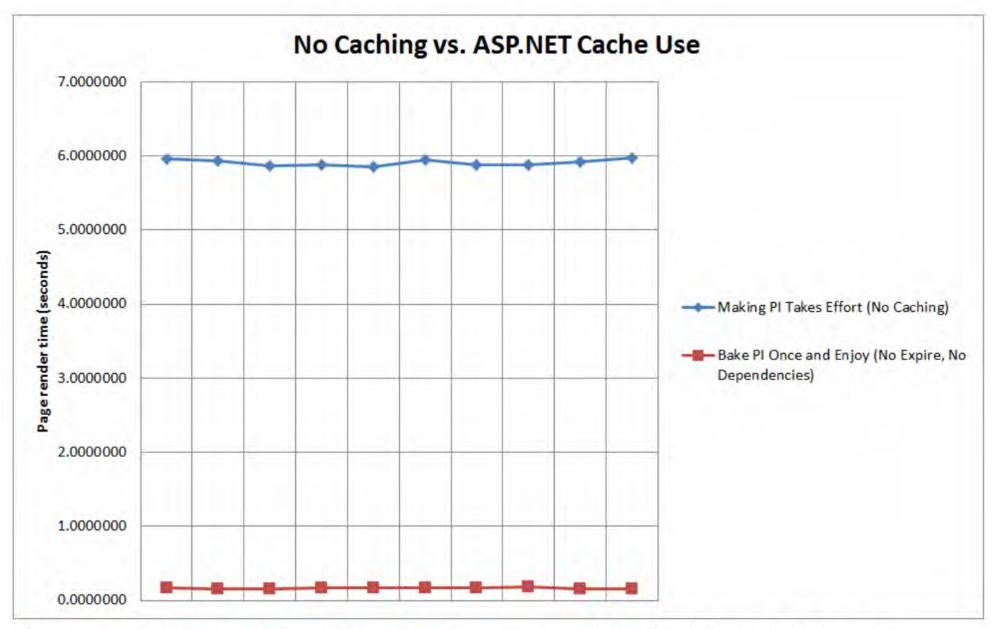
ASP.NET Cache

- System.Web.Caching.Cache class
- · One instance per application domain
- Basically a key/value object dictionary
- In-memory use and thread-safe*
- Commonly accessed via Page and HttpContext objects
- Objects can be added with expiration windows, dependencies, & priority values
- Callbacks possible on object removal*

```
private String GetSomePi()
    // Attempt to retrieve a PI value from the ASP.NET Cache
    Object piValue = Cache[PI VALUE CACHE KEY];
   // If the value isn't yet cached, compute it and cache it for later.
    if (piValue == null)
        piValue = PiCalculator.Process(DIGITS OF PI TO COMPUTE);
        // Insert for indefinite time period
        Cache[PI VALUE CACHE KEY] = piValue;
       //// Cache until a specific point in the future
       //Cache.Add(PI VALUE CACHE KEY,
                    piValue,
        11
        11
                    null,
                    DateTime.Now.AddSeconds(15),
        11
       11
                    Cache.NoSlidingExpiration,
       11
                    CacheItemPriority.Normal,
       11
                    null);
       //// Cache for a sliding window of 3 seconds
       //Cache.Add(PI VALUE CACHE KEY,
       11
                    piValue,
        11
                    null,
                    Cache.NoAbsoluteExpiration,
        11
       11
                   TimeSpan.FromSeconds(3),
                    CacheItemPriority.Normal,
       11
        11
                    null);
    return piValue.ToString();
}
```







Average Page Render Times

Anonymous client-side request times; 10 samples each obtained using Fiddler

- No Caching: 5.909 sec
- ASP.NET Cache: 0.1641 sec

Limitations and Watch-Outs

- Not a durable store
- Don't assume something you put in will always be available
- Cache contents not available across
 WFEs in a load-balanced environment

Sum-up: Safe for general use. Just remember the cache is shared.

- Control rendering isn't complicated, but ...
- Data used is "expensive" (computation/latency)
- Need way to store expensive results between calls

Two possibilities

ASP.NET Cache

Web Part
Cache

Web Part Cache

public abstract class WebPart : System.Web.UI.WebControls.WebParts.WebPart Member of Microsoft.SharePoint.WebPartPages

Summary:

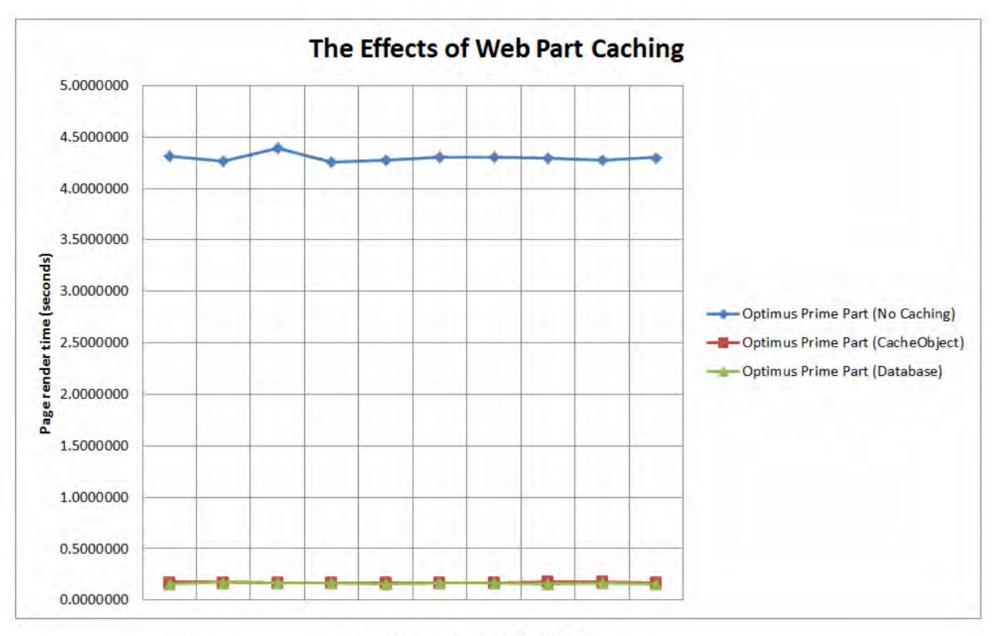
Provides the base class for creating Windows SharePoint Services Web Parts.

- Available to WebPart derivatives from Microsoft.SharePoint.WebPartPages
- Serializable objects can be cached
- Use PartCacheWrite and PartCacheRead methods to persist/retrieve values
- Can be configured for in-memory or SQL Server-based persistence
- Object expiration can be specified
- Supports shared or per-user caching

```
10
```

```
The second secon
```

```
[ToolboxItemAttribute(false)]
[XmlRoot(Namespace="OptimusPrimePart")]
public class OptimusPrimePart : WebPart
   // Visual Studio might automatically update this path when you change the Visual Web Par
   private const string _ascxPath = @"~/_CONTROLTEMPLATES/SPMcDonough.CachingCodeSolutions.
   // Backing property variable for max prime to check
   private Int32 _maxValueToCheckForPrime;
    protected override void CreateChildControls()
        Control control = Page.LoadControl(_ascxPath);
        ((OptimusPrimePartUserControl)control).ParentWebPart = this;
        Controls.Add(control);
   internal String GetSomePrimes(Int32 maxPrimeToFind, Boolean isCacheInUse)
       const String CACHE KEY = "ComputedPrimes";
       String primeList = String.Empty;
        if (isCacheInUse)
       {
            primeList = this.PartCacheRead(Storage.Shared, CACHE KEY) as String;
           if (primeList == null)
               primeList = PrimeFinder.FindPrimesUpTo(maxPrimeToFind);
               this.PartCacheWrite(Storage.Shared, CACHE_KEY, primeList, TimeSpan.MaxValue)
       else
           // Straight fetch of the prime values; no caching involved.
           primeList = PrimeFinder.FindPrimesUpTo(maxPrimeToFind);
       return primeList;
```



Average Page Render Times

- No Caching: 4.298 sec
- Web Part Caching (Memory-Based): 0.1687 sec
- Web Part Caching (Database-Based): 0.1644 sec

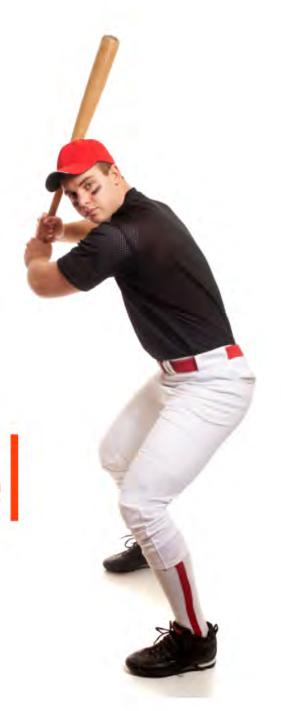
Limitations and Watch-Outs

- Older and somewhat less friendly way of creating Web Parts (different XML, code separation, and use of a .dwp file)
- Whether or not memory or SQL Server is the backing store is up to your admin
- Somewhat "flaky" in operation

Sum-up: Unless your use-case is specifically addressed, probably best to avoid this type of caching

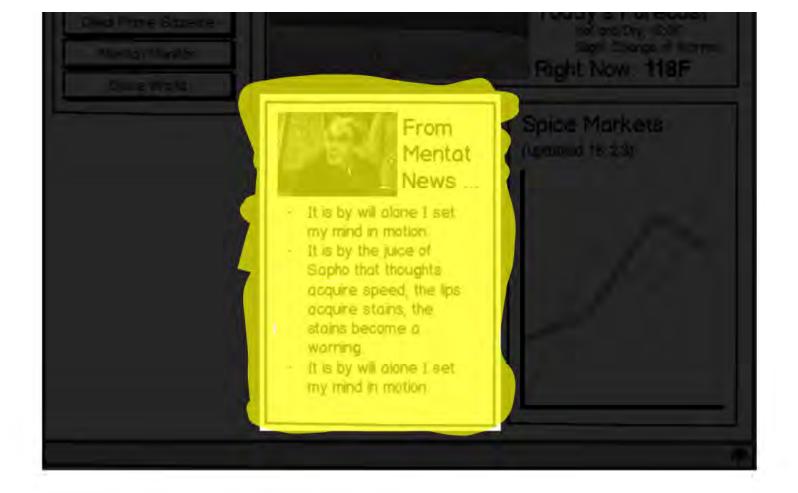
Next-up:

Control-Level Caching









- · Control displays static content or ...
- Entire HTML output block generated by control changes infrequently and according to predictable variables/patterns

Fragment Caching

An easily implemented way to cache the entire block of HTML that is generated by a control

To implement, simply add something like the following to an ASCX control file:

<%@ OutputCache Duration="120" VaryByParam="none" %>

(Common) options to vary output exist based on:

- HTTP Header
- Query string value (GET) or parameter (POST)
- Value of child control in ASCX



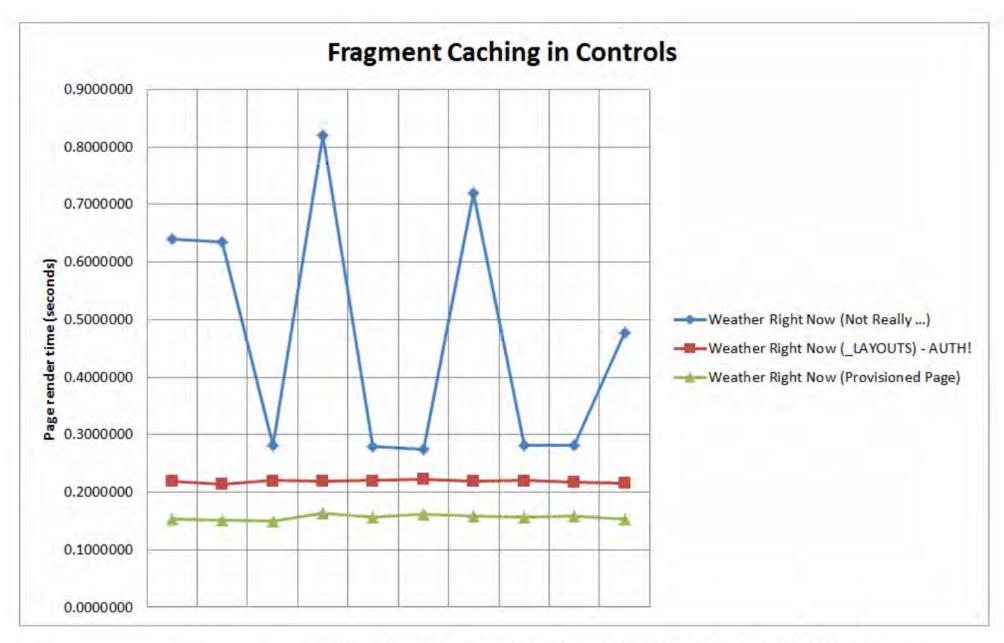
ZIP CODE: <asp:TextBox ID="ZipCodeTextbox" runat="server">45244</asp:TextBox>

<input id="SubmitButton" type="submit" value="Get Weather" />

<asp:Literal ID="WeatherLiteral" runat="server"></asp:Literal>

<hr />

</asp:Panel>



Average Page Render Times

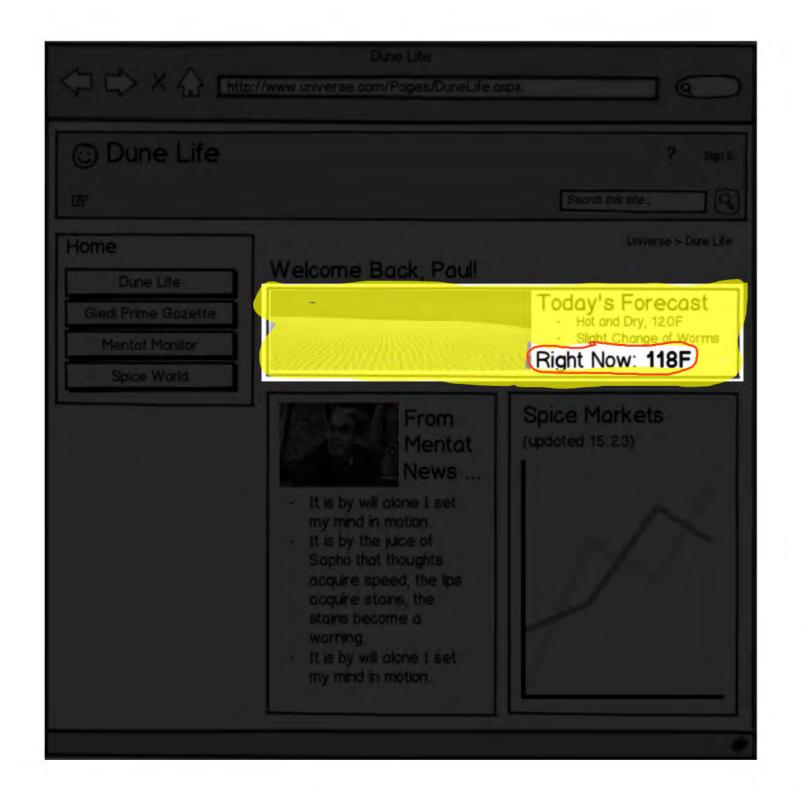
- No Caching (Safe Mode Parsing*): 0.4691 sec
- Fragment Caching (_LAYOUTS Page): 0.2187 sec
- Fragment Caching (Provisioned Page): 0.1566 sec

Limitations and Watch-Outs

- Test your VaryBy... parameter settings carefully
- If using both page-level and control-level caching, page-level will trump control-level (duration) settings
- If caching doesn't appear to work, consider that the safe mode parser may be engaged. Work around it with a provisioned page, _layouts page, or another (safe) alternative

Sum-up: Safe way to cache control content that changes infrequently

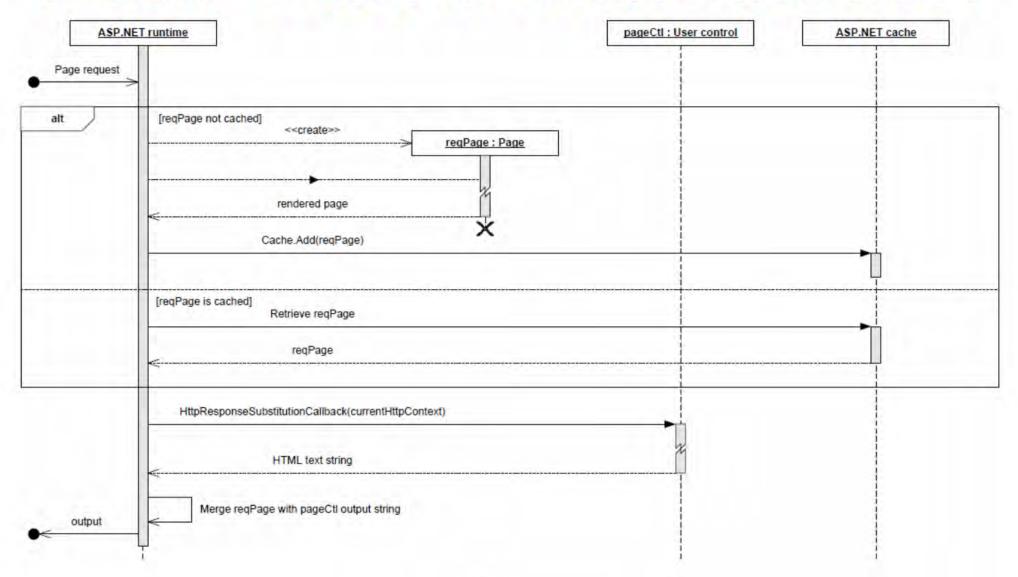




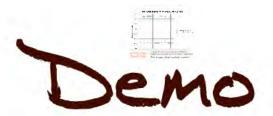
- You are leveraging page output caching (i.e., the entire page's HTML output gets cached)
- Your control contains a mix of static and dynamic content
- You need a way to update the dynamic part (e.g., the "Right Now" temperature)



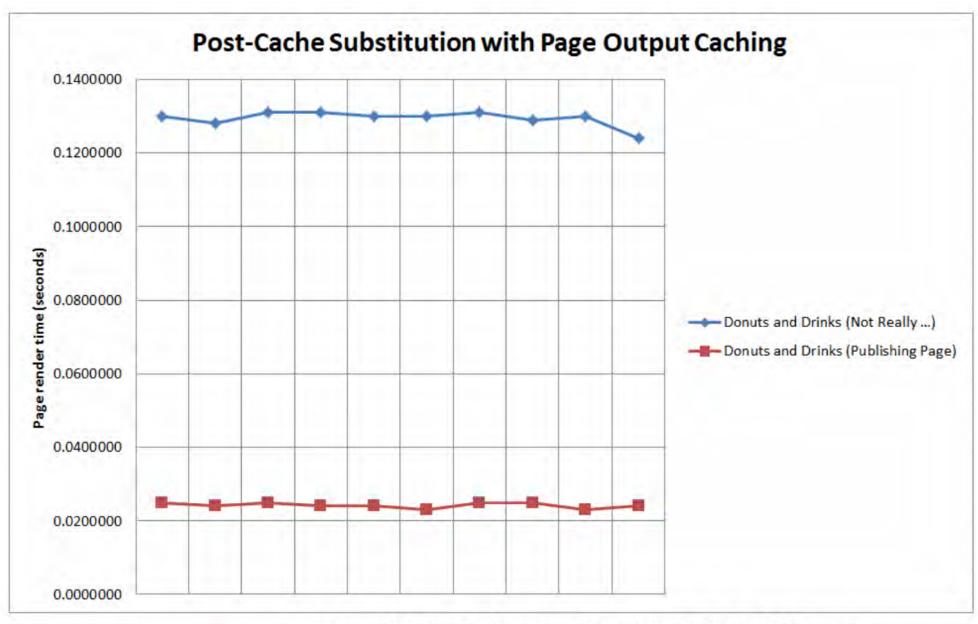
Post-Cache Substitution



Page output caching "with benefits"



```
□<asp:Panel ID="MainPanel" runat="server">
    <div style="text-align: center">
       <h2>Donut Caching: Now with Beverage!</h2>
    </div>
    <div style="position:relative;">
       <div style="float:left; width:50%; text-align:center;">
          <img alt="Have a yummy donut!" src="../../ layouts/images/CcsExamples/PCS Donut.jpg"/>
          Enjoy a tasty donut and ...
                 (tr>
                 Prepared at <asp:Label runat="server" ID="DonutPreparedLabel"></asp:Label>
                 </div>
       <asp:Substitution runat="server" ID="BeverageSubstitution" MethodName="GetBeverageHtmlBlock" />
    </div>
 </asp:Panel>
```



Average Page Render Times

- Page Output Cache Disabled: 0.1294 sec
- · Post-Cache Substitution (Pub Page): 0.0240 sec This is page output caching in action!

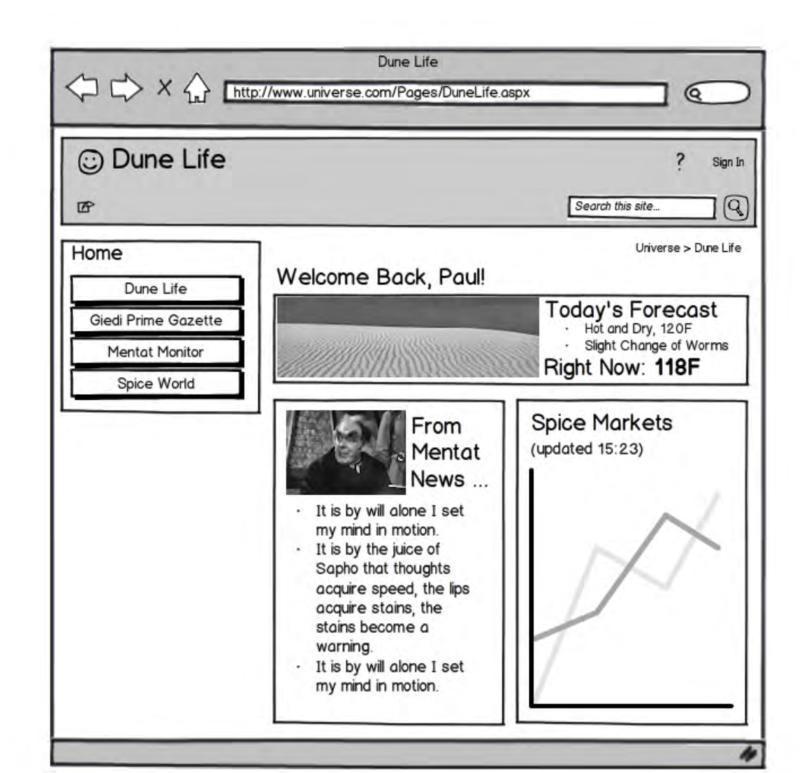
Limitations and Watch-Outs

- Remember that page output caching needs to be enabled to make this technique useful
- If caching isn't working at all, use the Debug Cache Information option to determine if the host page is being output cached
- Obscure issue: if you override rendering at the page level (e.g., within the master page), postcache substitution will break

Sum-up: Great complement to page output caching for controls that contain some dynamic content

Heading into home:







- You need a way to more granularly control SharePoint's page output caching, or ...
- You need a way to alter page output caching from a key generation, object (page) lookup, or object storage perspective, or ...
- You want to affect output caching changes through SharePoint plumbing (w/o controls)



Conditionally include or exclude full page from page output cache

IVaryByCustomHandler

- Exposes one method for our use: the GetVaryByCustomString method
- Method gets called during ResolveRequestCache and UpdateRequestCache event stages
- You supply a return string that gets built into the key that is used to partition pages in the cache.
- You have additional levels of control, such as the ability to disable output caching.

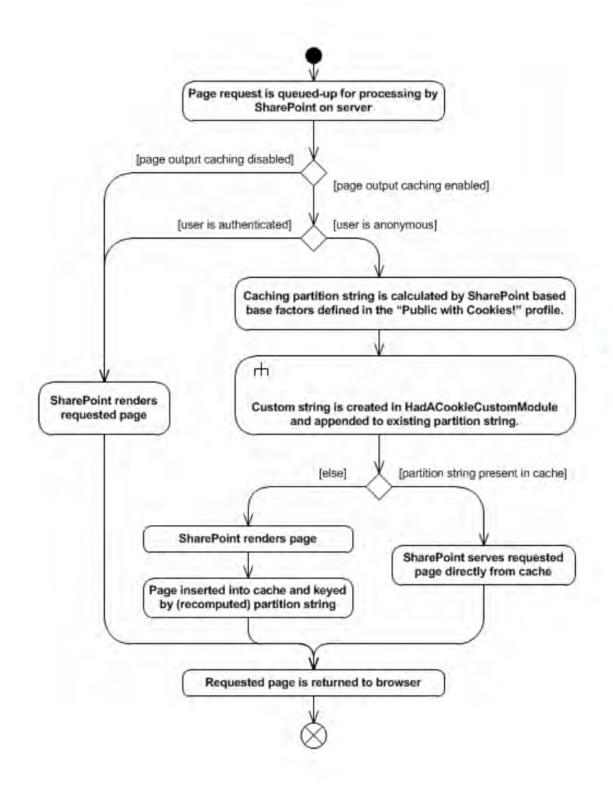
Implementation Process

- Create a class that derives from SPHttpApplication and implements both IHttpModule and IVaryByCustomHandler*
- Register the derived class for notifications using
 - RegisterGetVaryByCustomStringHandler
- Build detection & caching logic into the GetVaryByCustomString method*
- Use a FeatureReceiver to register the class as an HttpModule with help from the SPWebConfigModification type

Ignore the MSDN sample directing you to modify the Global. Asax file

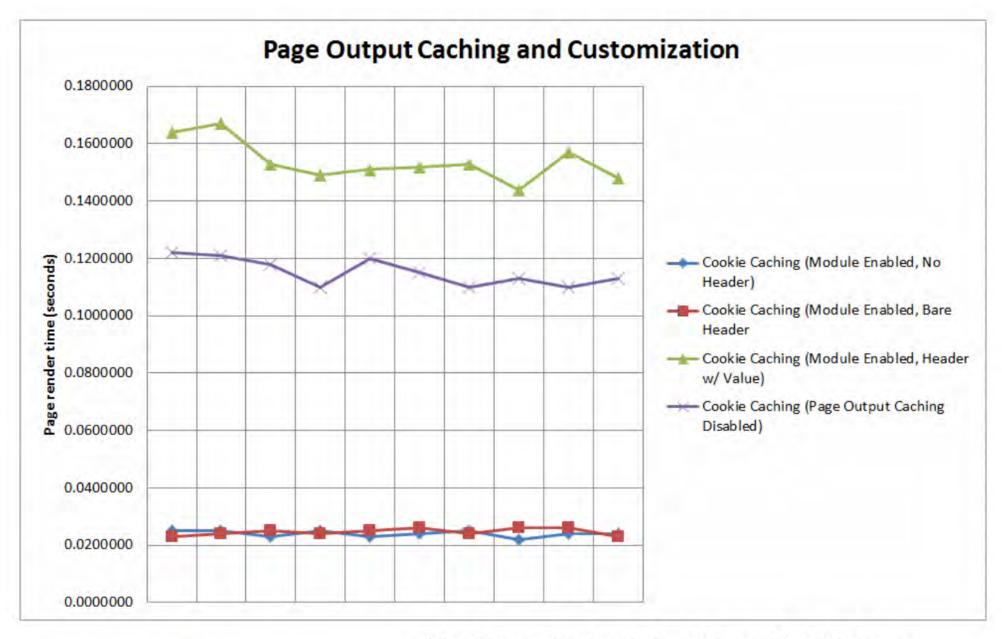
PETIOTHI ACL CHECK	NO
Enabled	Yes
Duration	120
Check for Changes	No
Vary by Custom Parameter	Browser, HadACookieCustomCaching
Vary by HTTP Header	
Vary by Query String Parameters	
Vany hy Hear Dinhte	No.

"Vary by Custom Parameter" in your output cache profile activates the handler!









Average Page Render Times

- No Page Output Caching: 0.1152 sec
- With Page Output Caching: 0.0243 sec
- Actively Disabling Caching: 0.1538 sec !!!!

Limitations and Watch-Outs

- Don't forget to include the "Vary by Custom Parameter" in your cache profile - and check for it in the GetVaryByCustomString method
- If your code isn't getting called, ensure the HttpModule is properly wired-up
- Remember that GetVaryByCustomString can be called twice in a single page request: once for lookup, and second for cache insertion*
- Avoid any costly or long-running operations in your GetVaryByCustomString method

Sum-up: The nuclear option. In my experience, this is a last resort - not the place to actually start

5* 3°

Second call (for insertion) only happens when page is being rendered - either on initial insert or re-rendering following ejection (cache time elapsed)

References

Cache Class (System. Web. Caching)

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/system.web.caching.cache.aspx

Web Parts and Caching

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd585600(v=office.11).aspx

Web Part Caching Options, How To Choose

http://blogs.msdn.com/b/modonovan/archive/2005/04/27/412505.aspx

How To Perform Fragment Caching in ASP.NET by Using Visual C#.NET http://support.microsoft.com/kb/308378

Output Cache Parameters Class

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms153449(v=vs.90)

Pages, Parsing, and Safe Mode

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg552610.aspx#BKMK_PagesUI

Dynamically Updating Portions of a Cached Page

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms227429(v=vs.90).aspx

Substitution Class

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/system.web.ui.webcontrols.substitution(v=vs.90).aspx

References

How to: Extend Caching by Using the VaryByCustom Event Handler in SharePoint Server 2010 (ECM)

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms550239.aspx

When Page Output Caching Does Not Output

http://todd-carter.com/post/2012/01/31/When-Page-Output-Caching-Does-Not-Output.aspx

Fiddler Web Debugger - Script Samples

http://www.fiddlertool.com/Fiddler/dev/ScriptSamples.asp

Html Agility Pack

http://htmlagilitypack.codeplex.com/



Sean P. McDonough

Blog: http://SharePointInterface.com

Email: sean@SharePointInterface.com

LinkedIn: http://www.linkedin.com/in/smcdonough

Twitter: @spmcdonough



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